

Medical Policy Manual **Approved Revision: Do Not Implement until 8/31/21**

Darbepoetin Alfa for Non-Dialysis (Aranesp®)

NDC CODE(S)	55513-0002-XX ARANESP 25MCG/ML Solution (AMGEN)
	55513-0003-XX ARANESP 40MCG/ML Solution (AMGEN)
	55513-0004-XX ARANESP 60MCG/ML Solution (AMGEN)
	55513-0005-XX ARANESP 100MCG/ML Solution (AMGEN)
	55513-0006-XX ARANESP 200MCG/ML Solution (AMGEN)
	55513-0021-XX ARANESP 40MCG/0.4ML Solution Prefilled Syringe (AMGEN)
	55513-0023-XX ARANESP 60MCG/0.3ML Solution Prefilled Syringe (AMGEN)
	55513-0025-XX ARANESP 100MCG/0.5ML Solution Prefilled Syringe (AMGEN)
	55513-0027-XX ARANESP 150MCG/0.3ML Solution Prefilled Syringe (AMGEN)
	55513-0028-XX ARANESP 200MCG/0.4ML Solution Prefilled Syringe (AMGEN)
	55513-0032-XX ARANESP 500MCG/ML Solution Prefilled Syringe (AMGEN)
	55513-0057-XX ARANESP 25MCG/0.42ML Solution Prefilled Syringe (AMGEN)
	55513-0098-XX ARANESP 10MCG/0.4ML Solution Prefilled Syringe (AMGEN)
	55513-0110-XX ARANESP 300MCG/ML Solution (AMGEN)
	55513-0111-XX ARANESP 300MCG/0.6ML Solution Prefilled Syringe (AMGEN)
	55513-0002-XX ARANESP 25MCG/ML Solution (AMGEN)

DESCRIPTION

Erythropoietin is a glycoprotein produced in the kidneys responsible for the stimulation of red blood cell production. Darbepoetin alfa is produced through recombinant DNA technology and serves as a synthetic form of erythropoietin. With the addition of two additional oligosaccharide chains it remains in systemic circulation approximately three times longer than another synthetic formulation of erythropoietin, epoetin alfa.

Darbepoetin alfa has the same amino acid sequence as endogenous erythropoietin. Like the endogenous hormone, it stimulates increased production of red blood cells in individuals with functioning erythropoiesis and is referred to as an erythropoietin-stimulating agent or an ESA.

POLICY

- Darbepoetin alfa for the treatment of anemia is considered **medically necessary** if the medical appropriateness criteria are met. **(See Medical Appropriateness below.)**
- Darbepoetin alfa for the treatment of other conditions/diseases is considered **investigational**.

MEDICAL APPROPRIATENESS

INITIAL APPROVAL CRITERIA

- Patient is at least 18 years of age (unless otherwise specified); **AND**
- Initiation of therapy Hemoglobin (Hb) < 10 g/dL and/or Hematocrit (Hct) < 30%; **AND**

Universal Criteria

- Lab values are obtained within 30 days of the date of administration (unless otherwise indicated); **AND**
- Patient has adequate iron stores as demonstrated by serum ferritin ≥ 100 ng/mL (mcg/L) and transferrin saturation (TSAT) $\geq 20\%$ (measured within the previous 3 months for renewal)*; **AND**
- Other causes of anemia (e.g. hemolysis, bleeding, vitamin deficiency, etc.) have been ruled out; **AND**
- Patient does not have uncontrolled hypertension; **AND**

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Anemia Secondary to Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS)

- Endogenous serum erythropoietin level of ≤ 500 mUnits/mL; **AND**
- Patient has lower risk disease (i.e., defined as *IPSS-R [Very Low, Low, Intermediate]*, *IPSS [Low/Intermediate-1]*, *WPSS [Very Low, Low, Intermediate]*); **AND**
- Patient has symptomatic anemia

Anemia Secondary to Myeloproliferative Neoplasms (MPN) - Myelofibrosis

- Endogenous serum erythropoietin level of < 500 mUnits/mL

Anemia Secondary to Chemotherapy Treatment

- Patient is receiving concomitant myelosuppressive chemotherapy; **AND**
- Patient's chemotherapy is not intended to cure their disease (i.e., palliative treatment); **AND**
- There are a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy

Anemia Secondary to Chronic Kidney Disease (Non-Dialysis Patients)

- Patient at least age is 1 month of age or older

RENEWAL CRITERIA

- Patient continues to meet universal **and other indication-specific relevant** criteria **identified** in the Initial Approval Criteria; **AND**
- Previous dose was administered within the past 60 days; **AND**
- Anemia response compared to pretreatment baseline; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of **unacceptable toxicity** include: pure red cell aplasia, severe allergic reactions (anaphylaxis, angioedema, bronchospasm, etc.), severe cardiovascular events (stroke, myocardial infarction, congestive heart failure, thromboembolism, etc.), uncontrolled hypertension), seizures, increased risk of tumor progression/recurrence in patients with cancer, **severe cutaneous reactions (erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson Syndrome [SJS]/Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis [TEN], etc.)**, etc.; **AND**

Anemia Secondary to Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS):

- Hemoglobin (Hb) < 12 g/dL and/or Hematocrit (Hct) $< 36\%$

Anemia Secondary to Myeloproliferative Neoplasms - Myelofibrosis

- Hemoglobin (Hb) < 10 g/dL and/or Hematocrit (Hct) $< 30\%$

Anemia Secondary to Chemotherapy Treatment

- **Refer to the Initial Approval Criteria**

Anemia Secondary to Chronic Kidney Disease:

- **Pediatric patients:** Hemoglobin (Hb) < 12 g/dL and/or Hematocrit (Hct) $< 36\%$
- **Adults:** Hemoglobin (Hb) < 11 g/dL and/or Hematocrit (Hct) $< 33\%$



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* Intravenous iron supplementation may be taken into account when evaluating iron status

- Functional iron deficiency (i.e., adequate iron stores with an insufficient supply of available iron) may occur in patients with chronic diseases, cancer, and/or in those currently receiving ESAs.
- Iron is not generally recommended in anemic patients with a Ferritin >500 ng/mL
- Anemic patients with a Ferritin \leq 500 ng/mL AND TSAT <50% may derive benefit from IV iron therapy in conjunction with ESA

DOSAGE/ADMINISTRATION

INDICATION	DOSE
Anemia due to myelosuppressive chemotherapy§	<p>Initial Dose: 2.25 mcg/kg subcutaneously every 7 days -OR- 500 mcg subcutaneously every 21 days</p> <p>Maximum Dose: May increase up to 4.5 mcg/kg subcutaneously every 7 days for insufficient response</p>
Anemia due to CKD-Not on dialysis§	<p>Initial Dose in Adult and Pediatric Patients: 0.45 mcg/kg intravenously or subcutaneously every 28 days -OR- 0.75 mcg/kg intravenously or subcutaneously every 14 days</p> <p>Maximum Dose: Adult patients: May increase to a maximum dose of 600 mcg every 28 days</p> <p>Pediatric patients: Dose will not exceed maximum initial dosing indicated above</p>
Anemia due to MDS§	<p>Initial Dose: 150 to 300 mcg subcutaneously every other week</p> <p>Maximum Dose: May increase up to 500 mcg every other week</p>
Anemia due to myeloproliferative neoplasms (MPN)§	<p>Initial Dose: 150 mcg subcutaneously every 7 days</p> <p>Maximum Dose: May increase up to 300 mcg every 7 days</p>



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- For patients with CKD;
 - Dose increases of 25% can be considered if after 4 weeks of initial therapy the hemoglobin has increased less than 1 g/dL and the current hemoglobin level is less than the indication specific level noted above.
 - Dose decreases of 25% or more can be considered if the hemoglobin rises rapidly by more than 1 g/dL in any 2- week period.
 - Dose and frequency requested are the minimum necessary for the patient to avoid RBC transfusions.
 - Avoid frequent dose adjustments. Do not increase the dose more frequently than once every 4 weeks; decreases can occur more frequently.
 - If patients fail to respond over a 12-week dose escalation period, further dose increases are unlikely to improve response and discontinuation of therapy should be considered.
- For patients with MDS:
 - After 3 to 4 months of therapy, if there is no response as measured by at least a 1.5 g/dL increase in hemoglobin or a decrease in RBC transfusions, discontinuation of therapy should be considered.
- For patients with MPN:
 - After 3 months of therapy, if there is no response as measured by at least a 2 g/dL increase in hemoglobin or a decrease in RBC transfusions, discontinuation of therapy should be considered.
- For patients on Cancer Chemotherapy:
 - After 8 weeks of therapy, if there is no response as measured by hemoglobin levels or if RBC transfusions are required or following completion of a chemotherapy course discontinue therapy.

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATION

Coverage will be provided for 45 days and may be renewed.

DOSING LIMITS

Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

- MDS: 500 billable units every 14 days
- MPN: 300 billable units every 7 days
- CKD (Non-Dialysis Patients):
 - Initial: 100 billable units every 14 days
 - Maintenance: 600 billable units every 28 days
- Chemotherapy-induced: 600 billable units every 21 days

APPLICABLE TENNESSEE STATE MANDATE REQUIREMENTS

BlueCross BlueShield of Tennessee's Medical Policy complies with Tennessee Code Annotated Section 56-7-2352 regarding coverage of off-label indications of Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved drugs when the off-label use is recognized in one of the statutorily recognized standard reference compendia or in the published peer-reviewed medical literature.

IMPORTANT REMINDER

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We develop Medical Policies to provide guidance to Members and Providers. This Medical Policy relates only to the services or supplies described in it. The existence of a Medical Policy is not an authorization, certification, explanation of benefits or a contract for the service (or supply) that is referenced in the Medical Policy. For a determination of the benefits that a Member is entitled to receive under his or her health plan, the Member's health plan must be reviewed. If there is a conflict between the Medical Policy and a health plan, the express terms of the health plan will govern.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For appropriate chemotherapy regimens, dosage information, contraindications, precautions, warnings, and monitoring information, please refer to one of the standard reference compendia (e.g., the NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines®) published by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network®, Drugdex Evaluations of Micromedex Solutions at Truven Health, or The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information).

SOURCES

1. Aranesp [package insert] Thousand Oaks, CA; Amgen Inc; January 2019. Accessed **April 2021**.
2. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) darbepoetin alfa. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2021. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed **April 2021**.
3. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) **Hematopoietic Growth Factors – Management of Cancer-and Chemotherapy-Induced Anemia Version 2.2021**. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2021. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed **April 2021**.
4. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) Myelodysplastic Syndrome Version **3.2021**. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2021. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed **April 2021**.
5. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) Myeloproliferative Neoplasms Version 1.2020. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, **2021**. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed **April 2021**.
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EFFECTIVE DATE 8/31/2021

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